OTHER BOOKS

An interpretive commentary on the A.A. program TWELVE STEPS AND TWELVE TRADITIONS by a co-founder

ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS COMES OF AGE A brief history of A.A.'s first two decades

Selected writings of A.A.'s co-founder (formerly The A.A. Way of Life) AS BILL SEES IT

A biography, with recollections of early A.A. in the Midwest Dr. Bob and the Good Oldtimers

Bill W.'s life story; how the A.A. message reached the world Pass It On

A book of reflections by A.A. members for A.A. members DAILY REFLECTIONS

Spiritual experiences of 75 A.A.'s CAME TO BELIEVE BOOKLETS

trank is the Body PART of Duene it 12 TRAPITIONS

Practical suggestions heard at meetings LIVING SOBER

Former Grapevine articles by people who found A.A. in prison A.A. IN PRISON: INMATE TO INMATE

> SEPERATE PARTS - BUT ALL EQUIPL A L C O H O L O O ANONYMOUS

The 1st Promise & The Story of

How Many Thousands of Men and Women

Have Recovered from Alcoholism

THIRD EDITION

RIC of COPYRIGHT ISSUES

RECOVERY Francis in Sook DEAD THE MIND

12 STEPS

SERVICE

IN THE FELLOW SHIT anity - Found

CARRAINE THE MESSAGE TREAK IS the Spirit SERVICE FOUND IN

ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS WORLD SERVICES, INC. 12 Con 1275

NEW YORK CITY

IF I TAKE ALTION IN THESE

HEERS I CAN KICOME WHOLE

THILLE

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Conference approved literature

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DOCTOR BOB'S NIGHTMARE

A co-founder of Alcoholies Anonymous. The birth of our Society dates from his first day of permanent sobriety, June 10, 1935.

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TEXT BOOK - NOT A NOVEL - MEANT TO BE DONE IN ORDER SPIBITUAL EXPERIENCE TO A READER WHO KNOWS NOTHING ABOUT WHAT IS CONTAINED IN THE BOOK' " DESIGNED TO TRANSMIT THE TRUTH AND A PREFACE - TELLS SUISTECT

ALE BRAICX

1,150,000 copies. tion, published in 1955, reached a total of more than 300,000 copies went into circulation. The second edi-1939, and in the following sixteen years, more than HIS IS the third edition of the book "Alcoholics Anonymous." The first edition appeared in April

Therefore, the first portion of this volume, describing timent against any radical changes being made in it worth, our Society's great medical benefactor. Society and has helped such large numbers of alcoinally written in 1939 by the late Dr. William D. Silk-Opinion" has been kept intact, just as it was origthe third editions. The section called "The Doctor's the course of revisions made for both the second and the A.A. recovery program, has been left untouched in holic men and women to recovery, there exists a sea-Because this book has become the basic text for our

stories were written, with new titles; thirty completely new stories were added; and the story section was and one of these was retitled; new versions of two first edition were retained intact; three were edited the Fellowship's growth. "Bill's Story," "Doctor Bob's tion of personal stories, which was expanded to reflect touch with A.A. But the chief change was in the sec-Twelve Traditions, and the directions for getting in Nightmare," and one other personal history from the The second edition added the appendices, the

* TELLS ME THE FILEST PART OF THE book is where

THE RECOVERY IS - THE PROSERM

How to Get in Touch With A.A.

21) 3HV REMODERD

are used now. divided into three parts, under the same headings that

retained; five are new. edition; eight new stories have been added. In Part Stopped in Time") are carried over from the second stands unchanged. Nine of the stories in Part II ("They III ("They Lost Nearly All"), eight stories have been In this third edition, Part I ("Pioneers of A.A."

program can work for me, too. $\mathcal K$ that happened to me's or, more important, "Yes, I've felt like that" or, most important, "Yes, I believe this one of the forty-four personal stories and think: "Yes ing problem, we hope that you may pause in reading thereby to reach more alcoholics. If you have a drinkbership of Alcoholics Anonymous more accurately, and had the same purpose: to represent the current mem-(A.A. members' fond nickname for this volume) have All changes made over the years in the Big Book

ANS YERED THE CAST QUESTIONS NEED TO BE BETORE STEP 3.

FOREWORD TO FIRST EDITION

This is the Foreword as it appeared in the first printing of the first edition in 1939

its advantages for all \$ NOT OUR WAY TO QUIT DRINKING comprehend that the alcoholic is a very sick personone to better understand the alcoholic. Many do not them, we hope these pages will prove so convincing have recovered is the main purpose of this book. For body. To show other alcoholics precisely how we covered from a seemingly hopeless state of mind and And besides, we are sure that our way of living has think this account of our experiences will help every that no further authentication will be necessary. We E, of Alcoholics Anonymous, are more than one hundred men and women who have re-

that our alcoholic work is an avocation. Hossy Not from this publication. Being mostly business or proing number of personal appeals which may result we are too few, at present to handle the overwhelmtions in such an event. We would like it understood fessional folk, we could not well carry on our occupa-It is important that we remain anonymous because

member of Alcoholics Anonymous." personal name, designating himself instead as Ta ism, we urge each of our Fellowship to omit his When writing or speaking publicly about alcohol-Very earnestly we ask the press also, to observe this

request, We are not an organization in the conventional for otherwise we shall be greatly handi-

who are afflicted. oppose anyone. We simply wish to be helpful to those any particular faith, sect or denomination, nor do we nonest)desire to stop drinking. We are not allied with soever. The only requirement for membership is an sense of the word. There are no fees or dues what-

should like to be helpful to such cases. who have commenced work with other alcoholics. We getting results from this book, particularly from those We shall be interested to hear from those who are

will be welcomed. inquiry by scientific, medical, and religious societies

ALCOHOLICS / ANONYMOUS.

FOREWORD TO SECOND EDITION 16 Yes 14 TER

Figures given in this foreword describe the Hellowship as it was in 1955

us have sprung up in other communities." continues the early text "twos and threes and fives of of Alcoholics Anonymous at his destination. Already, every alcoholic who journeys will find the Fellowship place. Our earliest printing voiced the hope "that INCE the original Foreword to this book was written in 1939, a wholesale miracle has taken

a much larger future ahead. saying that this is but a beginning, only the augury of shape in Asia. Many of our friends encourage us by countries, South Africa, South America, Mexico. edition. In that brief space, Alcoholics Anonymous of this book and the presentation in 1955 of our second Alaska, Australia and Hawaii. All told, promising ing communities in the British Isles, the Scandinavian and all of the provinces of Canada. A.A. has Hourish-Groups are to be found in each of the United States has mushroomed into nearly 6,000 groups whose memtries and U. S. possessions. Some are just now taking beginnings have been made in some 50 foreign counbership is far above 150,000 recovered alcoholics Sixteen years have elapsed between our first printing

DE 1908 physician. Six months earlier, the broker had been between a New York stockbroker and an Akron relieved of his drink obsession by a sudden spiritual The spark that was to flare into the first A.A. group

DEC 1934

PRE 44 Pg 292

Th Achen

experience, following a meeting with an alcoholic friend who had been in contact with the Oxford Groups of that day. He had also been greatly helped by the late Dr. William D. Silkworth, a New York specialist in alcoholism who is now accounted no less than a medical saint by A.A. members, and whose story of the early days of our Society appears in the next pages. From this doctor, the broker had learned the grave nature of alcoholism. Though he could not accept all the tenets of the Oxford Groups, he was convinced of the need for moral inventory, confession of personality defects, restitution to those harmed, helpfulness to others, and the necessity of belief in and dependence upon God. FATA

PRINCIPACS

Prior to his journey to Akron, the broker had worked hard with many alcoholics on the theory that only an alcoholic could help an alcoholic, but he had succeeded only in keeping to ber himself. The broker had gone to Akron on a business venture which had collapsed, leaving him greatly in fear that he might start drinking again. He suddenly realized that in order to save himself he must carry his message to another alcoholic. That alcoholic turned out to be the Akron physician.

NOT HIMSELF

This physician had repeatedly tried spiritual means to resolve his alcoholic dilemma but had failed. But when the broker gave him Dr. Silkworth's description of alcoholism and its hopelessness, the physician began to pursue the spiritual remedy for his malady with a willingness he had never before been able to muster. He sobered, never to drink again up to the moment of his death in 1950. This seemed to prove that one alcoholic could affect another as no nonalcoholic willingness is hopeless. The peraction known to prove that the plants is hopeless. The peraction known that the peraction kn

Behind

See Land

* THE WORK IN AA IS NOT THE STEPS Its TAKING PEOPLE THROUGH THE STEPS

FOREWORD

could. It also indicated that strenuous work, one alcoholic with another, was vital to permanent recovery.

Hence the two men set to work almost frantically upon alcoholics arriving in the ward of the Akron City Hospital. Their very first case, a desperate one, recovered immediately and became A.A. number three. He never had another drink. This work at Akron continued through the summer of 1935. There were many failures, but there was an occasional heartening success. When the broker returned to New York in the fall of 1935, the first A.A. group had actually been formed, though no one realized it at the time.

5000

A second small group promptly took shape at New York, to be followed in 1937 with the start of a third at Cleveland. Besides these, there were scattered alcoholics who had picked up the basic ideas in Akron or New York who were trying to form groups in other cities. By late 1937, the number of members having substantial sobriety time behind them was sufficient to convince the membership that a new light had engage of the dark world of the alcoholic.

It was now time, the struggling groups thought, to place their message and unique experience before the world. This determination bore fruit in the spring of 1939 by the publication of this volume. The membership had then reached about 100 men and women. The fledgling society, which had been nameless, now began to be called Alcoholics Anonymous, from the title of its own book. The flying-blind period ended and A.A. entered a new phase of its pioneering time.

With the appearance of the new book a great deal began to happen. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, the

RESPECTED THEOLOGIAN

everyone, that A.A.'s message could be transmitted in started up and it was found, to the astonishment of their way to recovery. the mail as well as by word of mouth. By the end of referred to these prospective newcomers. New groups nessmen, traveling out of existing groups, were 1939 it was estimated that 800 alcoholics were on answered: pamphlets and books were sent out. Busibeen established. Each inquiry was painstakingly into the little New York office which meanwhile had God." This brought a rush of 800 frantic inquiries noted clergyman, reviewed it with approval. In the printed a piece in his magazine, called "Alcoholics and fall of 1939 Fulton Oursler, then editor of Liberty,

5/10/21

B

A.A. had become a national institution. members. The mushrooming process was in full swing deluged us. By the close of 1941, A.A. numbered 8,000 general public that alcoholics in need of help really placed such a compelling picture of A.A. before the feature article in the Saturday Evening Post and had shot up to 2,000. Then Jack Alexander wrote a holics Anonymous." By March 1941 the membership a dinner for many of his friends to which he invited people went to the bookstores to get the book "Alcothe world wires; inquiries poured in again and many A.A. members to tell their stories. News of this got on in the spring of 1940, John D. Rockefeller, Jr. gave

money? Would there be strivings for power and there be quarrels over membership, leadership, and adolescent period. The test that it faced was this holies successfully meet and work together? Would Could these large numbers of erstwhile erratic alco-Our Society then entered a fearsome and exciting

FOREWORD

off the scene. separately. We had to unify our Fellowship or pass viction grew that A.A.'s had to hang together or die prestige? Would there be schisms which would split frightening and at first disrupting experience the con-A.A. apart? Soon A.A. was beset by these very problems on every side and in every group. But out of this

12 TRADITIONS

ciples by which the A.A. groups and A.A. as a whole of press, radio, TV and films. And in no circumstances upon attraction rather than promotion. It was decided service centers. Our public relations were to be based was to be the least possible organization, even in our to be met by our own voluntary contributions. There and there was to be no professional class of therapy never govern; that each group was to be autonomous that no alcoholic man or woman could be excluded could survive and function effectively. It was thought vidual alcoholic could live, so we had to evolve prinpublic controversies. MEANS EVERY THING should we give endorsements, make alliances, or enter that all members ought to be anonymous at the level There were to be no fees or dues; our expenses were from our Society; that our leaders might serve but As we discovered the principles by which the indi-

or laws, they had become so widely accepted by 1950 which are stated in full on page 564 of this book Society has. unity of A.A. is one of the greatest assets that our Conference held at Cleveland. Today the remarkable that they were confirmed by our first International Though none of these principles had the force of rules This was the substance of A.A.'s Twelve Traditions

While the internal difficulties of our adolescent



period were being ironed out, public acceptance of A.A. grew by leaps and bounds. For this there were two principal reasons: the large numbers of recoveries, and remaited homes. These made their impressions everywhere. Of alcoholics who came to A.A. and really tried, 50% got sober at once and remained that way; 25% sobered up after some relapses, and among the remainder, those who stayed on with A.A. showed improvement. Other thousands came to a few A.A. meetings and at first decided they didn't want the program. But great numbers of these—about two out of three—began to return as time passed.

Another reason for the wide acceptance of A.A. was the ministration of friends—friends in medicine, religion, and the press, together with innumerable others who became our able and persistent advocates. Without such support, A.A. could have made only the slowest progress. Some of the recommendations of A.A.'s early medical and religious friends will be found further on in this book.

Alcoholics Anonymous is not a religious organization. Neither does A.A. take any particular medical point of view, though we cooperate widely with the men of medicine as well as with the men of religion.

Alcohol being no respecter of persons, we are an accurate cross section of America, and in distant lands, the same democratic evening-up process is now going on. By personal religious affiliation, we include Catholics. Protestants, Jews, Hindus, and a sprinkling of Moslems and Buddhists. More than 15% of us are women.

At present, our membership is pyramiding at the rate of about twenty per cent a year. So far, upon the

alcoholics in the world, we have made only a scratch. In all probability, we shall never be able to touch more than a fair fraction of the alcohol problem in all its ramifications. Upon therapy for the alcoholic himself, we surely have no monopoly. Yet it is our great hope that all those who have as yet found no answer may begin to find one in the pages of this book and will presently join us on the high road to a new freedom.

LOK AT YOUR PARTICIPATION IN AA

- 1) ARE YOU WORKING WITH OTHER ALCOHOLICS
- 2) HAVE YOU CONTINUED TO ALTILLELY DO THE
- 3) DO YOU HAVE A GROUP THAT YOU ARK

ARE YOU IN AA OR THE HANDING AROUND AA?

FOREWORD TO THIRD EDITION

meeting in over 90 countries. more than 1,000,000, with almost 28,000 groups Alcoholics Anonymous was conservatively estimated at Narch 1976, when this edition went to the printer, the total worldwide membership of

membership; among newer members, the proportion many in their teens.² surveyed are less than 30 years of age—among them is nearly one-third. Seven percent of the A.A.'s and more people, but to a wider and wider range. indicate that A.A. is reaching out, not only to more Women now make up more than one-fourth of the Surveys of groups in the United States and Canada

recovery that was blazed by the earliest members of in another, but they trace exactly the same path to called los Doce Pasos in one country, les Douze Etapes Alcoholics Anonymous. Twelve Steps that summarize the program may be covery to those of many different nationalities. The ferent lifestyles, just as the program has brought rehold good for individuals with many dif-The basic principles of the A.A. program, it appears,

covery begins when one alcoholic talks with another and personal. Each day, somewhere in the world, realcoholic, sharing experience, strength, and hope, span of this Fellowship, at its core it remains simple In spite of the great increase in the size and the

15.2001, over 100,000 groups, with A.A. activity in approximately 150 countries to 2001 one-third are women; about one-eighth, 30 and under.

NOT OPINIOUS KNOWLEDGE OR RECIET

OTHE PROCESS STARTS HERE

(D) AM I POWERTESS PHYSICALLY DO I COSE CONTROL

(D) WHY AM I POWER LESS PHYSICALLY DO I COSE CONTROL

(D) WHY AM I POWER LESS PHYSICALLY DO I DEINKING ?

THE DOCTOR'S OPINION

our members and have witnessed our return to health. & prominent hospital specializing in alcoholic and drug A well-known doctor, chief physician at a nationally men who have had experience with the sufferings of ()/E of Alcoholics Anonymous believe that the Convincing testimony must surely come from medical mate of the plan of recovery described in this book. reader will be interested in the medical esti-

To Whom It May Concern: ME Q

addiction, gave Alcoholics Anonymous this letter:

for many years. I have specialized in the treatment of alcoholism

as hopeless. WANTS pacity, was an alcoholic of a type I had come to regard been a competent businessman of good earning ca-In late 1934 I attended a patient who, though he had TO STOP + CANT

part of his rehabilitation he commenced to present his hundred others appear to have recovered. become the basis of a rapidly growing fellowship of that they must do likewise with still others. This has conceptions to other alcoholics, impressing upon them tain ideas concerning a possible means of recovery. As these men and their families. This man and over one In the course of his third treatment he acquired cer-

type with whom other <u>metho</u>ds had failed completely. I personally know scores of cases who were of the

tance; because of the extraordinary possibilities of rapid These facts appear to be of extreme medical impor-

cpoch in the annals of alcoholism. These men may well have a remedy for thousands of such situations. You may rely absolutely on anything they say about

Think Experience Very truly yours themselves. "

William D. Silkworth, M.D.

RIGHT

WITH

5A45

ME

ture of the alcoholic which leaves out this physical able extent with some of us. But we are sure that our things were true to some extent, in fact, to a considerfrom reality. For were outright mental defectives. These were maladjusted to life, that we were in full flight that we could not control our drinking just because we abnormal as his mind.)If did not satisfy us to be told must believe that the body of the alcoholic is quite as confirms what we who have suffered alcoholic torture another statement which follows. In this statement he ter, has been kind enough to enlarge upon his views in bodies were sickened as well. In our belief, any picractor is incomplete & The physician who, at our request, gave us this let-

WHAT HE T HELP

00

741656

The doctor's theory that we have an allergy to alcohol interests us. As laymen, on opinion as to its soundness may, of course, mean little. But as exproblem drinkers, we can say that his explanation makes good sense. It explains many things for which 🕦 cannot otherwise account.

ONCY HAVE COUPLE?

ENERGY FORWARD IN CIKE AMOUNTS cleared before he is approached, as he has then a betoften than not, it is imperative that a man's brain be the alcoholic who is very jittery or befogged. More Though we work out our solution on the spiritual as well as an affiliation plane, we favor hospitalization for A CONDITION OF UNUSUAL SENISITITION TO A SUBSTANCE DOES NOT AFFECT BTHERS

AWAY-HE SPIRITUAL EXPERIENCE have to offer. THE DOCTOR'S OPINION

ter chance of understanding and accepting what we

The doctor writes: ONLY AFTER I DIZINK

paramount importance to those afflicted with alcoholic The subject presented in this book seems to me to be of

ing alcoholic and drug addiction. HE IS AN AUTHORITY AND EXPORT Director of one of the oldest hospitals in the country treat I say this after many years' experience as Medical

covered in such masterly detail in these pages. was asked to contribute a few words on a subject which is There was, therefore, a sense of real satisfaction when I

(THE MIND) knowledge. We doctors have realized for a long time that some form of moral psychology was of urgent importance to alcoholics, but its application presented difficulties beyond our conception. What with our ultra-modern standards, our scientific approach to everything, we are perhaps not well equipped to apply the powers of good that lie outside our synthetic 000 BILL W.

he acquired some ideas which he put into practical applicacame under our care in this hospital and while here Many years ago one of the leading contributors to this book

tion at once. we consented. The cases we have followed through have been most interesting; in fact, many of them are amazing. his story to other patients here and with some misgiving alcoholics back from the gates of death. $\mathcal A$ munity spirit, is indeed inspiring to one who has labored them, the entire absence of profit motive, and their com-The unselfishness of these men as we have come to know themselves, and still more in the Power which pulls chronic long and wearily in this alcoholic field. They believe in Later, he requested the privilege of being allowed to tell

IS THERE ANY THING ELSE? THE FATES OF DEATH? Of course an alcoholic ought to be freed from his physical

THE DOCTOR'S OPINION

IF ONLY A RED WHY WASN'T THAT ENDUGATE

who will dimpunity. After they have succumbed to the desire again, Which they have succumbed to the desire again, Which as so many do, and the phenomenon of craving they was the

the sense of ease and comfort which comes at once by tak-

craving for liquor, and this often requires a definite hospital procedure, before psychological measures can be of maxi ONCY THE BOOK

Transfer of the state of the st confidence their reliance upon things human; their probto solved MY OWN OR ANYONE ELSES found they cannot break it, once having lost their selfin any form at all and once having formed the habit and lens pile up on them and become astonishingly difficult action of alcohol on these chronic alcoholics is a manifesta to this class and never occurs in the average temperate tion of an allergy; that the phenomenon of craving is limited We believe, and so suggested a few years ago, that the

they are to re-create their lives. & Promise (HANCE TO START, which can interest and hold these alcoholic people must have depth and weight. In nearly all cases, their ideals Trothy emotional appeal seldom suffices. The message

TREATMENT

HOPELESS

Men have cried out to me in sincere and despairing ap-

now growing up among them. ment. Let we have accepted and encouraged this movewith us a while on the firing line, see the tragedies, the have found tothing which has contributed more to the their sleeping moments, and the most cynical will not despairing wives, the little children; let the solving of these decoholies we appear somewhat sentimental, let them stand problems become a part of their daily work, and even of If any feel that as psychiatrists directing a hospital for

012

7415 ME ?

DISCONTENTED NEVER SATISFIED! THEY AREA STATE TERITAGLE EASILY ANNOYED irritable and discontented, unless they can again experience while the admit it is injurious, they cannot after a time differentiate the true from the false. To them, their alco-bolic life seems the only normal one. They are restless, effect produced by alcohol. The sensation is so elusive that Herr unit women drink essentially because they like the FEEL IN TO I THESE ARE NT

126

616

Z TAKE (AN LEAVE OR LE ALONE This is repeated over and over and unless this person can experience an entire psychic change there is very little hope of his recovery. Am I SCREWED? WILL I

On the other hand—and strange as this may seem to those who do not understand—once a psychic change has occurred, many problems he despaired of ever solving them, suddenly the very same person who seemed doomed, who had so the only effort necessary being that required to follow finds himself easily able to control his desire for alcohol few simple rules. WORK REMANING STEPS THAN TEAH THEW

ત્તo live for! I must stop, but I cannot! You must help me! peal: "Doctor, I cannot go on like this! I have everything self, he must sometimes feel his own inadequacy. Although not respond to the ordinary psychological approach. Whereez unk impression upon the problem as a whole. Many types do of recoveries resulting from psychiatric effort is considerduce the essential psychic change. Though the aggregate able, we physicians must admit we have made little that something more than human power is needed to prohe gives all that is in him, it often is not enough. One feels Faced with this problem, if a doctor is honest with him-LHERIND

at once became paramount to all other interests so that the or so prior to the date, and then the phenomenon of craving a certain date (favorably to them. They took a drink a day some problem or business deal which was to be settled on men who had, for example, worked a period of months on entirely a problem of mental control. I have had many I do not hold with those who believe that alcoholism is

FAVORABLY - NOTHING TO DO WITH FEELINGS UN PLEASANT AN ATMEMPT TO ESCAR

125ALLY DO FOR ME

WHAT CAN A DR

enon of craving which cause men to make the supreme ing beyond their mental control. & So How IMPATANT ARE important appointment was not met. These men were no drinking to escape; they were drinking to overcome a crav-There are many situations which arise out of the phenom- FELING

MUNDULOT STATE of course, the Sychopaths who are emotionally unstable make many resolutions, but never a decision. on the wagon for keeps. They are over-remorseful and We are all familiar with this type. They are always "going in much detail is outside the scope of this book. There are

He changes his brand or his environment. There is the type who always believes that after being alcoholish. alcohol for a period of time he can take a drink without danger. There is the manic-depressive type, who is, pera whole chapter could be written. haps, the least understood by his friends, and about whom There is the type of man who is unwilling to admit that

CHOICE ${rac{C}{N}}$ Then there are types entirely normal in every respect

are familiar, permanently eradicated. The only relief we entity. It has never been, by any treatment with which we have to suggest is entire abstinence. Q FOX THE PHYSICAL phenomenon of craving & This phenomenon, as we have differentiates these people, and sets them apart as a distinct suggested, may be the manifestation of an allergy which mon: they cannot start drinking without developing the

physicians, the general opinion seems to be that most chronic alcoholics are doomed. Fig. 2 SCREWED? of debate. Much has been written pro and con, but among

sacrifice rather than continue to fight. The classification of alcoholics seems most difficult, and

WHAT HE IS

Now

MATTER

except in the effect alcohol has upon them. They are often able, intelligent, friendly people. To ALCOHOL APTURED IN TORONG TO PEOPLE TO

This immediately precipitates us into a seething caldron

relating one of my experiences What is the solution? Perhaps I can best answer this by

WAS

HE

living, one might say, to drink. He frankly admitted and believed that for him there was no hope. Following the He had lost everything worthwhile in life and was only brought in to be treated for chronic alcoholism. He had been partially recovered from a gastic homography and seemed to be a case of pathological mental deterioration. partly recognized his features, but there all resemblance of ended. From a trembling, despairing peryons wrock, had become emerged a man brimming over with self-reliance and conhas passed with no return to alcohol. tentment. I talked with him for some time, but was not able to bring myself to feel that I had known him before. able to bring myself to feel that I had known him before. very strange sensation. I knew the man by name, and One year later he called to see me, and I experienced a brain injury. He accepted the plan outlined in this hould HAPPANEL One year later to an in it. To me he was a stranger, and so he left me. A long time elimination of alcohol, there was found to be no permanent Wilson brain infiner. He account in the comment of t About one year prior to this experience a man was

impulse to drink. physical rehabilitation, he had a talk with me in which he in desperate condition, brought to me Following his to mined to die. He was rescued by a searching party, and situation hopeless, had hidden in a deserted barn deter-The patient had made his own diagnosis, and deciding his unless I could assure him, which no one ever had, that in the future he would have the "will power" to resist the frankly stated he thought the treatment a waste of effort us passed with no return to alcohol.

When I need a mental uplift, I often think of another \mathcal{H} KNOWS DRINKING

WHAT

sion so great, that we felt his only hope would be through what we then called "SPIRITURE EXPENSION and we doubted if even that would have any effect. His alcoholic problem was so complex, and his depres-

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78457 DO THIS ON MY OWN?

THE DOCTOR'S OPINION

manhood as one could wish to meet. However, he did become "sold" on the ideas contained in this book. He has not had a drink for a great many years. I see him now and then and he is as fine a specimen of

main to pray. The A DIZ - BEST IN THE COUNTRY I earnestly advise every alcoholic to read this book

William D. Silkworth, M.D.

THE DR HAS GIVEN ME THE 1St 12 OF the 1St STEP AND HE (ANT HELP ME WITH IE 17

HIGH CIGHT HOW I FEET, THOUST + THE DIFFERENCES ARE NOT IMPORTANT

Chapter 1

BILL'S STORY

people concerning drink. In time we sailed for "Over I forgot the strong warnings and the prejudices of my and in the midst of the excitement I discovered liquor lime with intervals hilarious. I was part of life at last heroic. Here was love, applause, war; moments subfirst citizens took us to their homes, making us feel burg were assigned, and we were flattered when the There." I was very lonely and again turned to alcohol ///AR FEVER ran high in the New England town to which we new, young officers from Platts-

was caught by a doggerel on an old tombstone: dral. Much moved, I wandered outside. My attention We landed in England. I visited Winchester Cathe-

"Here lies a Hampshire Grenadier Whether he dieth by musket A good soldier is ne er forgot Drinking cold small beer. Who caught his death Or by pot."

Ominous warning—which I failed to heed

manage with the utmost assurance. ciation? My talent for leadership, I imagined, would men of my battery given me a special token of appreplace me at the head of vast enterprises which I would home at last. I fancied myself a leader, for had not the Twenty-two, and a veteran of foreign wars. I went

they seek. At these informal gatherings one may often see from 50 to 200 persons. We are growing in numbers and power.*

An alcoholic in his cups is an unlovely creature. Our struggles with them are variously strenuous, comic, and tragic. One poor chap committed suicide in my home. He could not, or would not, see our way of life.

There is, however, a vast amount of fun about it all. I suppose some would be shocked at our seeming worldliness and levity. But just underneath there is deadly earnestness. Faith has to work twenty-four hours a day in and through us, or we perish.

Most of us feel we need look no further for Utopia. We have it with us right here and now. Each day my friend's simple talk in our kitchen multiplies itself in a widening circle of peace on earth and good will to men.

Bill W., co-founder of A.A., died January 24, 1971.

A process that involves surrender with out hope only defeats itself

Chapter 2

75 THERE IS A SOLUTION 7

thousands of men and women who were once just as hopeless as Bill. Nearly all have recovered. They have solved the drink problem. 10th 5the Promise

we are average Americans. All sections of this country and many of its occupations are represented as well as many political, economic, social, and religious backgrounds. We are people who normally would not mix. But there exists among us a fellowship, a friendliness, and an understanding which is indescribably wonderful. We are like the passengers of a great liner the moment after rescue from shipwreck when carnaraderie, joyousness and democracy pervade the vessel from steerage to Captain's table. Unlike the feelings of the ship's passengers, however, our joy in dividual ways. The feeling of having shared in a common perif is one element in the powerful deficient which binds us. But that in itself would never have held us together as we are now joined.

The tremendous fact for every one of us is that we may have discovered a common solution. We have a way

trom alcoholism. (
COMMON SHALED BY A NUBBER IN A GROUP-Willely
OR GENERALLY KNOWN

out on which we can absolutely agree and upon which we can join in brotherly and harmonious action. This is the great news this book carries to those who suffer

(ALLITION - AND ALTION OR PROCESS OF SOLVING PLMS

[°] In 2001, A.A. is composed of over 100,000 groups

18

all whose lives touch the sufferer's LIt brings misunderstanding, fierce resentment, financial insecurity, qwith the alcoholic illness, for with it there goes annihilation of all the things worth while in life. It engulfs can increase the list. blameless children sad wives and parents anyone disgusted friends and employers, warped lives of sorry for him and no one is angry or hurt. But not so it an illness involves those about us in a way no other human sickness can If a person has cancer all are

We hope this volume will inform and comfort those who are, or who may be affected. There are many.

us have found it sometimes impossible to persuade an alcoholic to discuss has situation without reserve. tion, who is properly armed with facts about himself, usually find us even more unapproachable than do the Strangely enough, wives, parents and intimate friends psychiatrist and the doctor. NO SAFETY, But the ex-problem drinker who has found this solu-Highly competent psychiatrists who have dealt with Se 19

10

MEG

the same difficulty, that he obviously knows what he is please, no lectures to be endured—these are the condiever except the sincere desire to be helpful, that there are no fees to pay, no axes to grind, no people to new prospect that he is a man with a real answer that talking about, that his whole deportment shouts at the he has no attitude of Holier Than Thou, nothing what DOES HE LIVE LIKE THAT

CONDITIONS

is reached, little or nothing can be accomplished.

can generally win the entire confidence of another al-

coholic in a few hours. Until such an understanding

ANY MORE Q

DOES HE HAVE AN ANSWER ROR ME &

THERE IS A SOLUTION

proach many take up their beds and walk again. tions we have found most effective. After such an ap-

of our principles lies before us in our respective homes. occupations and affairs. All of us spend much of our spare time in the sort of effort which we are going to that they can give nearly all their time to the work. 12 576P describe. A few are fortunate enough to be so situated a beginning. A much more important demonstration did. We feel that elimination of this drinking is but do we think its effectiveness would be increased if we are None of us makes a sole vocation of this work, nor

that which has been so freely given us & tunity we have enjoyed. How then shall we present every day. Many could recover if they had the opporthat close by hundreds are dropping into oblivion who live in large cities are overcome by the reflection the problem would hardly be scratched. Those of us doubt that much good will result, but the surface of If we keep on the way we going there is little

one concerned with a drinking problem. edge. This should suggest a useful program for anybring to the task our combined experience and knowlume setting forth the problem as we see it. We shall We have concluded to publish an anonymous vol-

as to write a book which would contain no basis for contention or argument. We shall do our utmost to of other people's shortcomings and viewpoints and a achieve that ideal. Most of us sense that real tolerance ture, controversial. Nothing would please us so much are aware that these matters are, from their very narespect for their opinions are attitudes which make us matters medical, psychiatric, social, and religious. We Of necessity there will have to be discussion of 7461

more useful to others. Our very lives, as ex-problem

STAIZT

WHY BIT! drinkers, depend upon our constant thought of others

already be asking—"What do I have to do?" are an alcoholic who wants to get over it, you may of expert opinion to the contrary, we have recovered you are curious to discover how and why, in the face all of us became so very ill from drinking. Doubtless and how we may help meet their needs. & from a hopeless condition of mind and body. If you You may already have asked yourself why it is that

such a sweet girl, I should think he'd stop for her How many times people have said to us: "I can take it or leave it alone." Why can't he?" "Why don't you drink like a gentleman or quit?" "That fellow can't be well to summarize some points as we see them. sake." "The doctor told him that if he ever drank again it would kill ##m, but there ##="s all lit up again." be weak." L'He could stop if he wanted to." "She's wine?" "Lay off the hard stuff." Has will power must done. Before going into a detailed discussion, it may handle his liquor." "Why don't, your try beer and tions specifically. We shall tell you what we have It is the purpose of this book to answer such ques-

my

own

ON

Moderate drinkers have little trouble in giving up liquor entirely if they have good reason for it $\mbox{\em They}$ can take it or leave it alone. $\mbox{\em G}$ world of ignorance and misunderstanding. We see are very different from ours. REACTIONS TO 130026 ers which we hear all the time. Back of them is a that these expressions refer to people whose reactions Now these are commonplace observations on drink-

BELIEVE

ME

PHYSICALLY

FROM

THINGS

MEOPLE WHO

MONTALLY

ONLY 3 TYPES OF DRINKERS WHAT KIND (2) Then we have a certain type of hard drinker. He may have the habit badly enough to gradually impair

> it difficult and troublesome and may even need meda few years before his time. If a sufficiently strong reaman can also stop or moderate, although he may find son—ill health, falling in love, change of environment But what about the real alcoholic? He may start off him physically and mentally. It may cause him to die ical attention. DE TOX CAN I STOP OR MODERENTE? liquor consumption, once he starts to drink & drinking career he begins to lose all control of continuous hard drinker; but at some stage of his as a moderate drinker; he may or may not become a his PHYSICAL

tion while drinking.

Solv Yet let him drink for a day, and he frequently occur disgustingly, and even dangerously anti-social. He has moment, particularly when some important decision made or engagement kept. He is often personal balanced concerning everysal abilities. Here is the fellow who has been puzzling you, especially in his lack of control. He does absurd, incredible, tragic things while drinking. He is a real Dr ahead of him. He uses his gifts to build up a bright dishonest and selfish. He often possesses special abili-**Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. He is seldom mildly intoxicated** structure down on his head by a senseless series of outlook for his family and himself, and then pulls the ties, skills, and aptitudes, and has a promising career he ought to sleep the clock around. Yet early next sprees. He is the fellow who goes to bed so intoxicated

THERE IS A SOLUTION

pitals and sanitariums. which to taper off. Then he begins to appear at hosand gets drunk all over again. Perhaps he goes to a doctor who gives him morphine or some sedative with and liquor to quiet his nerves so he can go to work gins to use a combination of high-powered sedative down the wastepipe. As matters grow worse, he beone gets his entire supply away from him to throw liquor concealed all over his house to be certain no the night before. If he can afford it, he may have Then comes the day when he simply cannot make it morning he searches madly for the bottle he misplaced

description should identify him roughly.

Why description should identify him roughly. true alcoholic, as our behavior patterns vary. But this This is by no means a comprehensive picture of the

MENTAL OBSESSION

times displays with respect to other matters? of the common sense and will power that he still some humiliation, why is it be taken that one drink? Why can't he stay on the water wagon? What has become periences have shown ham that one drink means another debacle with all its attendant suffering and

REVIEW

THIS

I We know that while the alcoholic keeps away from much like other men. We are equally positive that drink, as he may do for months or years, he reacts can be done for him. We cannot answer the riddle. are not sure why, once a certain point is reached, little alcoholic reacts differently from normal people. We questions. Opinions vary considerably as to why the Perhaps there never will be a full answer to these

sense, which makes it virtually impossible for him to DO I DRINK THE WAY I INTENS DZINK ?

something happens, both in the bodily and mental once be takes any alcohol whatever into his system.

PHYSICAL

THERE IS A SOLUTION

MENTAL OBSESSION BEFORE I DRINK

confirm this & DOES my stop. The experience of any alcoholic will abundantly These observations would be academic and point-less if our friend never teck the first drink, thereby EXPERIENCE CONFIRM THIS ?

main problem of the alcoholic centers in this mind any one of a hundred alibis. Sometimes these excuses have a certain plausibility, but none of them really If you draw this fallacious reasoning to the attention of an alcoholic, he will laugh it off, or become irritated and refuse to talk. IF IN SHOWN THE TOWN rather than in his bodyeIf you ask him why he started setting the terrible cycle in motion. Therefore, the makes sense in the light of the havoc an alcoholic s the head with a hammer so that he can't feel the ache of the man who, having a headache, beats himself on drinking bout creates. They sound like the philosophy 400g

somehow, someday, they will beat the game. But they often suspect they are down for the count. A How true this is, few realize. In a vague way their families and friends sense that these drinkers are abhold, they are a baffled loc. There is the obsession that drinkers have excuses with which they are satisfied part of the time. But in their hearts they really do not know why they do it Once this malady has a real truth, strange to say, is usually that he has no more idea why he took that first drink than you have Some Once in a while he may tell the truth. And the

assert his power of will. & normal, but everybody hopefully awaits the day when the sufferer will rouse himself from his lethargy and

holic, the happy day may not arrive. He has lost WHY Am I POWERLESS MONTALLY. The tragic truth is that if the man be a real alco-POWETZ CESS MENTALLYT

AN IDEA

NI JOHOD

Work

THRU

ALCOHOLIC INSANITY

> control. At a certain point in the drinking of every alcoholic, he passes into a state where the most powerevery case long before it is suspected. This tragic situation has already arrived in practically ful desire to stop drinking is of absolutely no avail. ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS

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called keeps one from putting his hand on a hot stove. ξω ζέ even a glass of beer do not crowd into the mind to There is a complete failure of the kind of defense that this time we shall handle ourselves like other people. readily supplanted with the old threadbare idea that sciousness with sufficient force the memory of the suf-The fact is that most alcoholics for reasons yet obscure, have lost the power of choice in drink. Our sodeter us. If these thoughts occur, they are hazy and fering and humiliation of even a week or a month ago. We are without defense against the first drink. QWe are unable, at certain times, to bring into our con-The almost certain consequences that follow taking will power becomes practically nonexistent.

again? WOnly to have that thought, supplanted by "Well, I'll stop with the sixth drink." Or "What's the ourselves, "For God's sake, how did I ever get started of us begun to drink in this nonchalant way, and atter The alcoholic may say to himself in the most casual way, "It won't burn me this time, so here's how!" Or use anyhow?"Q the third or fourth, pounded on the bar and said to perhaps he doesn't think at all. How often have some

up, may die or go permanently insane. These stark and ugly facts have been confirmed by legions of alcoindividual with alcoholic tendencies, he has probably placed himself beyond human aid, and unless locked When this sort of thinking is fully established in ar hese stark G BUT HOW EXPERIENCE. TO HAVE THAN IM ING ANY THING TINE SPIRITUAL E. DIE GOD 1 410

we could; and the other, to accept spiritual help & This no return through human aid, we had but two alternain a position where life was becoming impossible, and if we had passed into the region from which there is the consciousness of our intellerable situation as best tives: One was to go on to the bitter end, blotting out believe there is no middle-of-the-road solution. We were If you are as seriously alcoholic as we were we Fully explained—Appendix II. Pg 569

holics throughout history. But for the grace of God

and we have been rocketed into a fourth dimension of worked in others, and we had come to believe in the whom the problem had been solved, there was nothing cessful consummation. But we saw that it really shortcomings which the process requires for its suc-There is a solution. Almost none of us liked the selfexistence of which we had not even dreamed. « searching, the leveling of our pride, the confession o tools laid at our feet. We have found much of heaven left for us but to pick up the simple kit of spiritual it. When, therefore, we were approached by those in hopelessness and futility of life as we had been living there would have been thousands more convincing 17/48

DRUNK OR

ACTION

which have revolutionized our whole attitude toward commenced to accomplish those things for us which tainty that our Creator has entered into our hearts and The central fact of our lives today is the absolute cerhave had deep and effective spiritual experiences* lives in a way which is indeed miraculous. The has life, toward our fellows and toward God's universe we could never do by ourselves. The great fact is just this, and nothing less: That we

THERE IS A SOLUTION

STI CHA SULANAN hw YERVILLD LOW TAHM SI

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we did because we honestly wanted to, and were will-SPIENTURE HEZP

profound knowledge of the inner workings of his mind over alcohol. Why was this? to other problems. Yet he had no control whatever and asked him point-blank why he could not recover. He wished above all things to regain self-control. He planation for his fall. WHY DO I ADMINE and its hidden springs that relapse was unthinkable. good. Above all, he believed he had acquired such a seemed quite rational and well-balanced with respect to Europe, placing himself in the care of a celebrated physician (the psychiatrist, Dr. Jung) who prescribed A certain American business man had ability, good sense, and high character. For years he had floundered baffling still, he could give himself no satisfactory ex-His physical and mental condition were unusually Nevertheless, he was drunk in a short time. More he finished his treatment with unusual confidence tor him. Though experience had made him skeptical best known American psychiatrists. Then he had gone from one sanitarium to another. He had consulted the So he returned to this doctor, whom he admired, PERRE WINO

That was a great physician's opinion. Sterp 2 key or hire a bodyguard if he expected to live long and he would have to place himself under lock and and he got it. In the doctor's judgment he was utterly hopeless; he could never regain his position in society He begged the doctor to tell him the whole truth

anywhere on this earth where other free men may go not need a bodyguard nor is he confined. He can go But this man still lives, and is a free man. He does

DR SILKWORTH

JUNG

(A) CANT

HELP ME WITH MY MINE HELP ONE WITH MY 13004 spell the necessary vital spiritual experience. &

For amplification—see Appendix II. 19 569

convictions were very good, in his case they did not by the doctor's telling him that while his religious church member. This hope, however, was destroyed

lieved, for he reflected that, after all, he was a good

Upon hearing this, our friend was somewhat re-

CAN I QUIT FOREVER does in you. Our friend felt as though the gates of where that state of mind existed to the extent that it alcoholic. I have never seen one single case recoverconversation our friend had with his doctor. hell had closed on him with a clang. Q INNER CONSISSION tain a certain simple attitude without spiritual help&Let us tell you the rest of the without disaster, provided he remains willing to main-Some of our alcoholic readers may think they can do The doctor said: "You have the mind of a chronic

"Yes," replied the doctor, "there is. Exceptions to have had what are called vital spiritual experiences. To me these occurrences are phenomena. They apapear to be in the nature of huge emotional displacements and rearrangements. Ideas, emotions, and ASNOE to dominate them. In fact, I have been trying to completely new set of conceptions and motives begin attitudes which were once the guiding forces of the lives of these men are suddenly cast to one side, and a with an alcoholic of your description." # HOPELESS ployed are successful, but I have never been successfu you. With many individuals the methods which I cmproduce some such emotional rearrangement within times. Here and there, once in a while, alcoholic cases such as yours have been occurring since early He said to the doctor, "Is there no exception?"

DR SILKWORTH

7811/12/165 EXPERIENCE CK#191830

NUSME

Here was the terrible dilemma in which our friend found himself when he had the extraordinary experience, which as we have already told you, made him a free man.

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We, in our turn, sought the same escape with all the desperation of drowning men. What seemed at first a flimsy reed, has proved to be the loving and powerful hand of God. A new life has been given us or, if you prefer, (a design for living) that really works.

The distinguished American psychologist, William James, in his book "Varieties of Religious Experience," indicates a multitude of ways in which men have discovered God. We have no desire to convince anyone that there is only one way by which faith can be acquired. If what we have learned and felt and seen means anything at all, it means that all of us, whatever our race, creed, or color are the children of a living Creator with whom we may form a relationship upon simple and understandable terms as soon as we are willing and honest enough to try. Those having religious affiliations will find here nothing disturbing to their beliefs or ceremonies. There is no friction among us over such matters.

We think it no concern of ours what religious bodies our members identify themselves with as individuals. This should be an entirely personal affair which each one decides for himself in the light of past associations, or his present choice. Not all of us join religious bodies, but most of us favor such memberships.

In the following chapter, there appears an explanation of alcoholism, as we understand it, then a chapter addressed to the agnostic. Many who once were in this class are now among our members. Surprisingly BELLE JE GOLD IJ UNKNOWN OF PROBLEY

enough, we find such convictions no great obstacle to a spiritual experience. A PROMUE

Further on, clear-cut directions are given showing how we recovered. These are followed by forty-three personal experiences. No original

his own language and from his own point of view the way he established his relationship with God. These give a fair cross section of our membership and a clear-cut idea of what has actually happened in their lives.

PURPOSE

OF

We hope no one will consider these self-revealing accounts in bad taste. Our hope is that many alcoholic men and women, desperately in need, will see these pages, and we believe that it is only by fully disclosing ourselves and our problems that they will be persuaded to say, "Yes, I am one of them took! must have this thing."

THESE 2 QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED BETORE STEP 3

INTEND TO?

GNOSTIC BEI